

UNIT 5

El Past Continuus

Contraste Past Continuus / Past Simple

<p>Los usos del Past Continuus</p> <p>• El Past Simple indica que la acción ocurrió y terminó el tiempo indicado en la frase, mientras que el Past Continuus habla de acciones prolongadas que estaban ocurriendo el pasado.</p> <p>(Hizo los deberes el lunes pasado). • Con el Past Simple se suele utilizar when he arrived.</p> <p>(Continuó las conversaciones while o as). • Estuvieron escuchando las noticias cuando llegó).</p> <p>While / As we were listening to the news, he arrived.</p> <p>(Estábamos escuchando las noticias cuando llegó).</p> <p>We were listening to the news when he arrived.</p> <p>(Llegó mientras estabamos escuchando las noticias).</p>

El futuro con will

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UNIT

AFIRMATIVA	FORMA CONTRADIDA	NEGATIVA	FORMA CONTRADIDA
I'll read	You won't read	I won't read	You will not read
He will read	She will read	She won't read	He won't read
It will read	It won't read	It won't read	It will read
We will read	We will not read	We will not read	We will read
You will read	You will not read	You will not read	You won't read
They will read	They will not read	They will not read	They won't read

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- **Afirmativa:** **Was I eating?** Yes, I was. / No, I wasn't.
- **Interrogativa:** **What was he doing?** He was doing his homework yesterday afternoon.
- **Negativa:** **Was she eating?** Yes, she was. / No, she wasn't.
- **Respuetas breves:** **Was / Were + un verbo + un verbo terminado en -ing.**
- **Contracción:** **Wasn't / Wasn't / weren't / weren't eating?** (Sue estaba haciendo fotos?)
- **Con el Past Continuus se suelen usar estas expresiones temporales:** las que llevan ago (hace), al final de la tarde, ayer por la mañana / tarde, la noche, etc.
- **(Estuvo llorando ayer? Sí. / No.)** Es introducción a las preguntas de la forma:

 - Was it raining yesterday? Yes, it was. / No, it wasn't.
 - Was Sue taking pictures? (Sue estaba haciendo fotos?)
 - They weren't playing tennis. (No estaban jugando al tenis.)
 - Contractación **n't** + un verbo terminado en -ing.
 - Negativa: **sujeto + was / were + la partícula not o a -ing.**
 - Las reglas para añadir -ing se encuentran en las págs. 95-96.
 - Estaba cocinando en la cocina. (Sue no está cocinando)
 - Was cooking in the kitchen.
 - en -ing.

INTERROGATIVA	AFFIRMATIVA	NEGATIVA	RESPUETAS BREVES
Were you eating?	Yes, you were.	No, you weren't.	They were not / weren't eating
Was he eating?	Yes, he was.	No, he wasn't.	He was not / wasn't eating
Was she eating?	Yes, she was.	No, she wasn't.	She was not / wasn't eating
Was I eating?	Yes, I was.	No, I wasn't.	It was not / wasn't eating
It was eating			It was not / wasn't eating
She was eating			She was not / wasn't eating
He was eating			He was not / wasn't eating
You were eating			You were not / weren't eating
We were eating			We were not / weren't eating
They were eating			They were not / weren't eating